

Eagle MLP Strategy Fund
PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited)
January 31, 2020

<u>Shares</u>		<u>Fair Value</u>
	MLP & MLP RELATED SECURITIES - 95.1%	
	LNG INFRASTRUCTURE - 6.6%	
252,780	Cheniere Energy, Inc. *	\$ 14,974,687
	PIPELINE - DIVERSIFIED - 24.4%	
1,856,090	Energy Transfer LP	23,368,173
602,652	Enterprise Products Partners LP	15,530,342
768,500	Kinder Morgan, Inc.	16,038,595
		<u>54,937,110</u>
	PIPELINE - NATURAL GAS - 15.3%	
145,750	ONEOK, Inc.	10,912,303
99,797	Hess Midstream LP	2,377,165
198,100	TC Energy Corp.	10,859,842
494,600	The Williams Companies, Inc.	10,233,274
		<u>34,382,584</u>
	PIPELINE - NGL INFRASTRUCTURE - 13.7%	
151,940	DCP Midstream Partners LP	3,195,298
409,750	Keyera Corp.	10,698,021
466,119	Targa Resources Corp.	17,013,344
		<u>30,906,663</u>
	PIPELINE - PETROLEUM - 12.0%	
529,600	Gibson Energy, Inc.	10,635,648
217,530	NuStar Energy LP	5,940,744
626,000	Plains GP Holdings LP	10,422,900
		<u>26,999,292</u>
	PIPELINE - WATER SERVICES- 2.7%	
402,538	Rattler Midstream LP *	6,074,298
	PIPELINES & TRANSPORTATION - 14.3%	
370,172	Enbridge, Inc.	15,054,895
247,100	Pembina Pipeline Corp.	9,466,401
386,536	Shell Midstream Partners LP	7,595,432
		<u>32,116,728</u>
	RENEWABLE ELECTRIC GENERATION - 2.4%	
137,000	Clearway Energy, Inc.	2,900,290
116,000	Northland Power, Inc.	2,612,861
		<u>5,513,151</u>
	SHIPPING - 2.4%	
281,640	KNOT Offshore Partners LP	5,370,875
	UTILITY - 1.3%	
10,900	NextEra Energy, Inc.	2,923,380
	TOTAL MLP & MLP RELATED SECURITIES (Cost \$205,587,750)	<u>214,198,768</u>

Eagle MLP Strategy Fund
PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)
January 31, 2020

Shares		Fair Value
	EXCHANGE TRADED NOTES - 2.1%	
	EQUITY FUNDS - 2.1%	
99,000	ETRACS 2x Monthly Leverafed Alerian MLP Infrastructure Index ETN - Series B	\$ 1,739,430
146,440	JPMorgan Alerian MLP Index ETN	3,009,342
	TOTAL EXCHANGE TRADED NOTES (Cost \$5,457,262)	4,748,772
	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT - 1.0%	
	MONEY MARKET FUND - 1.0%	
2,227,439	Goldman Sachs Financial Square Funds - Government Fund to yield 1.53% ** (Cost \$2,227,439)	2,227,439
	TOTAL INVESTMENTS - 98.2% (Cost \$213,272,451)	\$ 221,174,979
	OTHER ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES - 1.8%	4,046,309
	NET ASSETS - 100.0%	\$ 225,221,288

* Non-income producing security.

** Money market fund; interest rate reflects seven-day effective yield on January 31, 2020.

ETN - Exchange Traded Note

MLP - Master Limited Partnership

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Fund in preparation of its financial statements. The policies are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The Fund is an investment company and accordingly follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification Topic 946 "Financial Services – Investment Companies" including FASB Accounting Standard Update "ASU" 2013-08.

Security Valuation – Securities listed on an exchange are valued at the last reported sale price at the close of the regular trading session of the primary exchange on the business day the value is being determined, or in the case of securities listed on NASDAQ at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price ("NOCP"). In the absence of a sale such securities shall be valued at the mean between the current bid and ask prices on the day of valuation. Debt securities (other than short-term obligations) are valued each day by an independent pricing service approved by the Board of Trustees (the "Board") based on methods which include consideration of: yields or prices of securities of comparable quality, coupon, maturity and type, indications as to values from dealers, and general market conditions or market quotations from a major market maker in the securities. Short-term debt obligations having 60 days or less remaining until maturity, at time of purchase, are valued at amortized cost. Investments in open-end investment companies are valued at net asset value.

A Fund may hold securities, such as private investments, interests in commodity pools, other non-traded securities or temporarily illiquid securities, for which market quotations are not readily available or are determined to be unreliable. These securities will be valued using the "fair value" procedures approved by the Board. The Board has delegated execution of these procedures to a fair value team composed of one or more representatives from each of the (i) Trust, (ii) administrator, and (iii) adviser. The team may also enlist third party consultants such as a valuation specialist at a public accounting firm, valuation consultant or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board also has engaged a third party valuation firm to attend valuation meetings held by the Trust, review minutes of such meetings and report to the Board on a quarterly basis. The Board reviews and ratifies the execution of this process and the resultant fair value prices at least quarterly to assure the process produces reliable results.

Fair Value Team and Valuation Process - This team is composed of one or more representatives from each of the (i) Trust, (ii) administrator, and (iii) adviser. The applicable investments are valued collectively via inputs from each of these groups. For example, fair value determinations are required for the following securities: (i) securities for which market quotations are insufficient or not readily available on a particular business day (including securities for which there is a short and temporary lapse in the provision of a price by the regular pricing source), (ii) securities for which, in the judgment of the adviser, the prices or values available do not represent the fair value of the instrument. Factors which may cause the adviser to make such a judgment include, but are not limited to, the following: only a bid price or an asked price is available; the spread between bid and asked prices is substantial; the frequency of sales; the thinness of the market; the size of reported trades; and actions of the securities markets, such as the suspension or limitation of trading; (iii) securities determined to be illiquid; (iv) securities with respect to which an event that will affect the value thereof has occurred (a "significant event") since the closing prices were established on the principal exchange on which they are traded, but prior to a Fund's calculation of its net asset value. Specifically, interests in commodity pools or managed futures pools are valued on a daily basis by reference to the closing market prices of each futures contract or other asset held by a pool, as adjusted for pool expenses. Restricted or illiquid securities, such as private investments or non-traded securities are valued via inputs from the adviser based upon the current bid for the security from two or more independent dealers or other parties reasonably familiar with the facts and circumstances of the security (who should take into consideration all relevant factors as may be appropriate under the circumstances). If the adviser is unable to obtain a current bid from such independent dealers or other independent parties, the fair value team shall determine the fair value of such security using the following factors: (i) the type of security; (ii) the cost at date of purchase; (iii) the size and nature of the Fund's holdings; (iv) the discount from market value of unrestricted securities of the same class at the time of purchase and subsequent thereto; (v) information as to any transactions or offers with respect to the security; (vi) the nature and duration of restrictions on disposition of the security and the existence of any registration rights; (vii) how the yield of the security compares to similar securities of companies of similar or equal creditworthiness; (viii) the level of recent trades of similar or comparable securities; (ix) the liquidity characteristics of the security; (x) current market conditions; and (xi) the market value of any securities into which the security is convertible or exchangeable.

Exchange Traded Funds – The Fund may invest in exchange traded funds ("ETFs"). ETFs are a type of index fund bought and sold on a securities exchange. An ETF trades like common stock and represents a fixed portfolio of securities designed to track the performance and dividend yield of a particular domestic or foreign market index. A Fund may purchase an ETF to temporarily gain exposure to a portion of the U.S. or a foreign market while awaiting purchase of underlying securities. The risks of owning an ETF generally reflect the risks of owning the underlying securities they are designed to track, although the lack of liquidity on an ETF could result in it being more volatile. Additionally, ETFs have fees and expenses that reduce their value.

The Fund utilizes various methods to measure the fair value of all of its investments on a recurring basis. GAAP establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation methods. The three levels of input are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs may include quoted prices for the identical instrument in an inactive market, prices for similar instruments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, yield curves, default rates and similar data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, to the extent relevant observable inputs are not available, representing the Fund's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in valuing the asset or liability, and would be based on the best information available. The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. The following tables summarize the inputs used as of January 31, 2020 for the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

Assets *	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
MLP & MLP Related Securities	\$ 214,198,768	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 214,198,768
Exchange Traded Notes	4,748,772	-	-	4,748,772
Short Term Investment	2,227,439	-	-	2,227,439
Total	\$ 221,174,979	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 221,174,979

The Fund did not hold any Level 3 securities during the period.

* Refer to the Portfolio of Investments for security classifications.

Tax Cost	Gross Unrealized Appreciation	Gross Unrealized (Depreciation)	Net Unrealized Depreciation
\$ 221,510,661	\$ 19,534,900	\$ (19,870,582)	\$ (335,682)